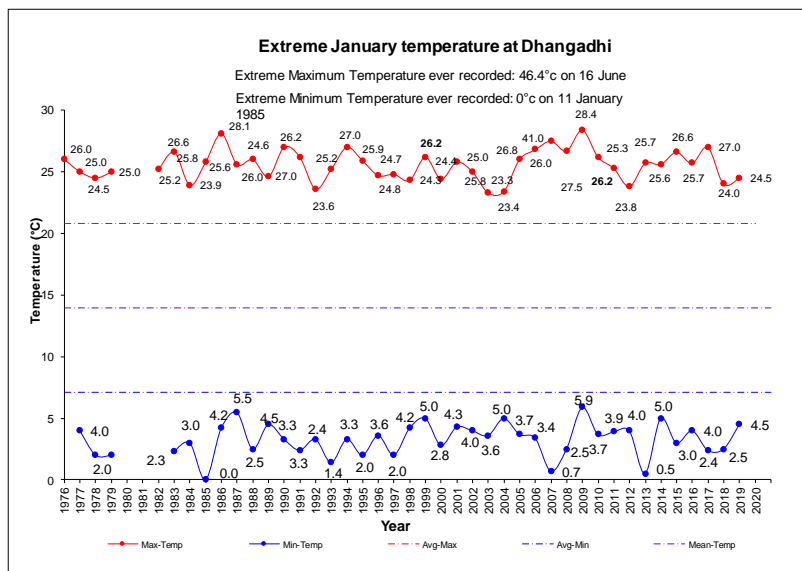
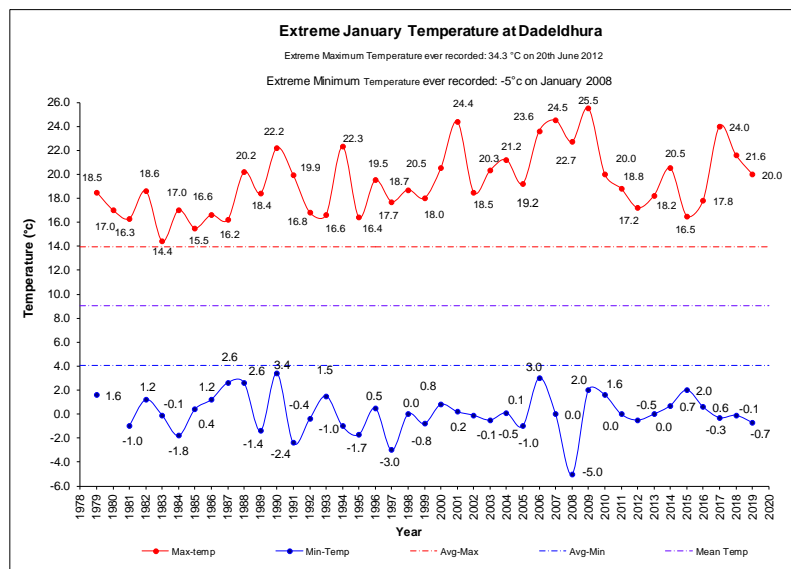


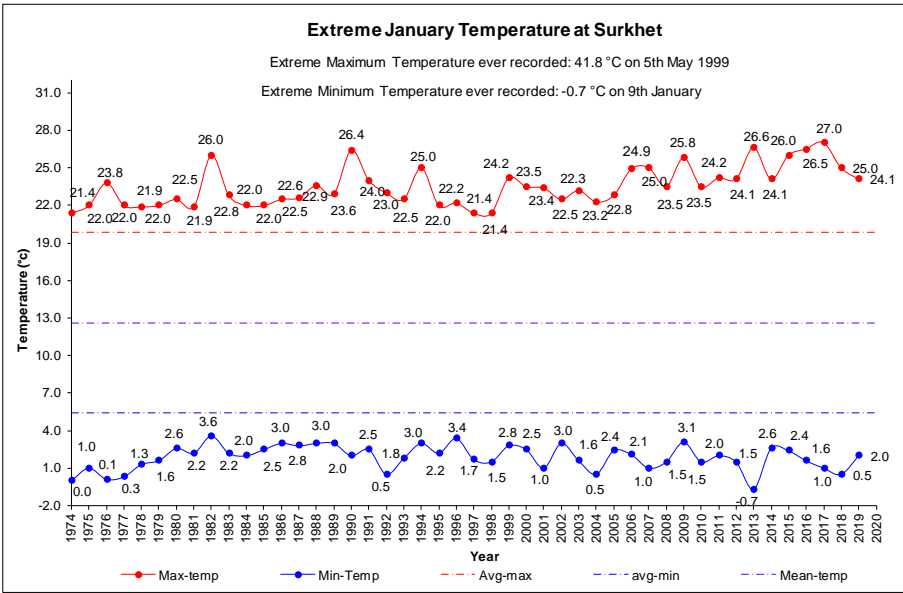
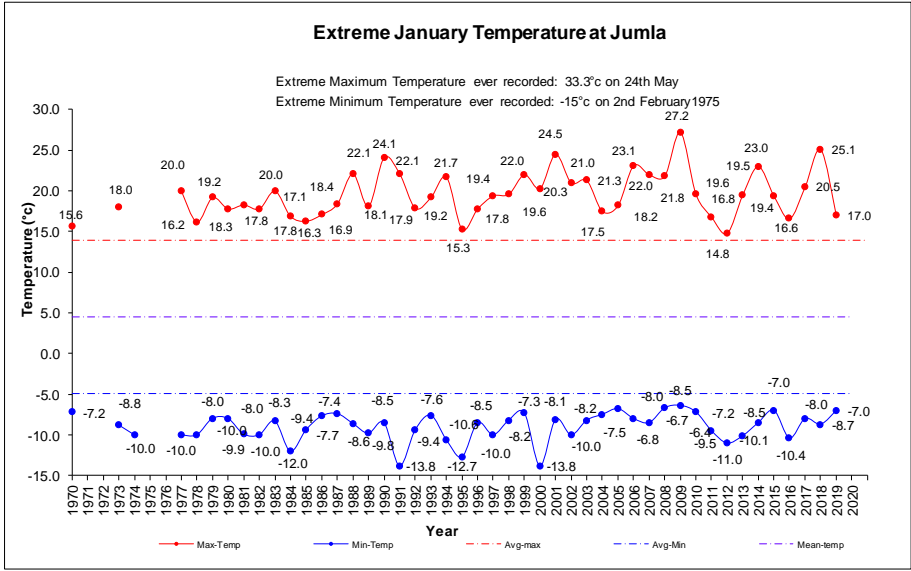
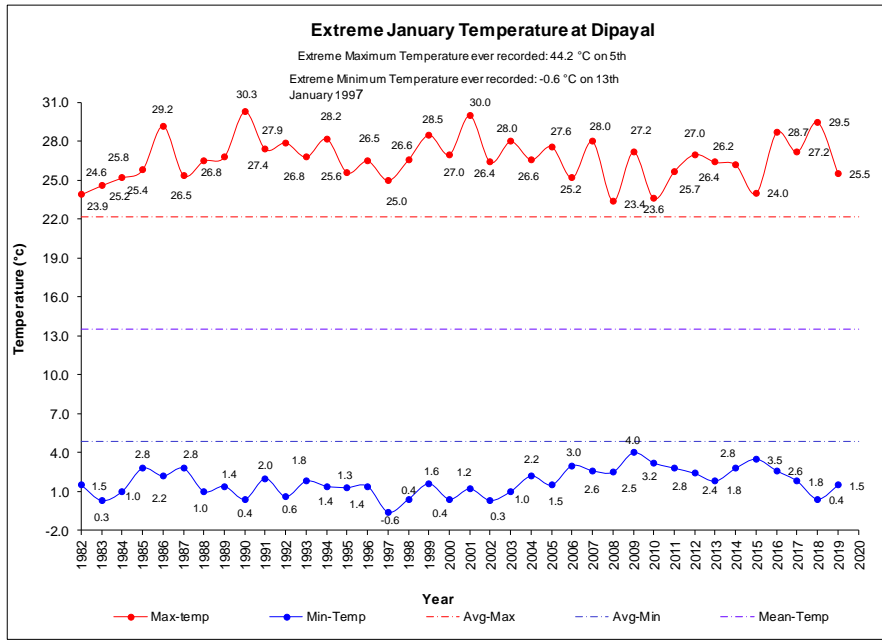


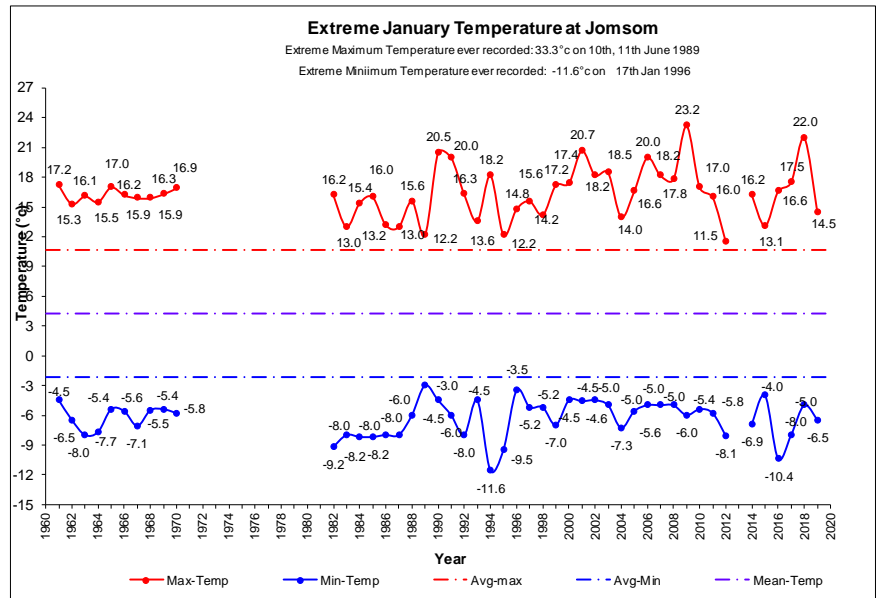
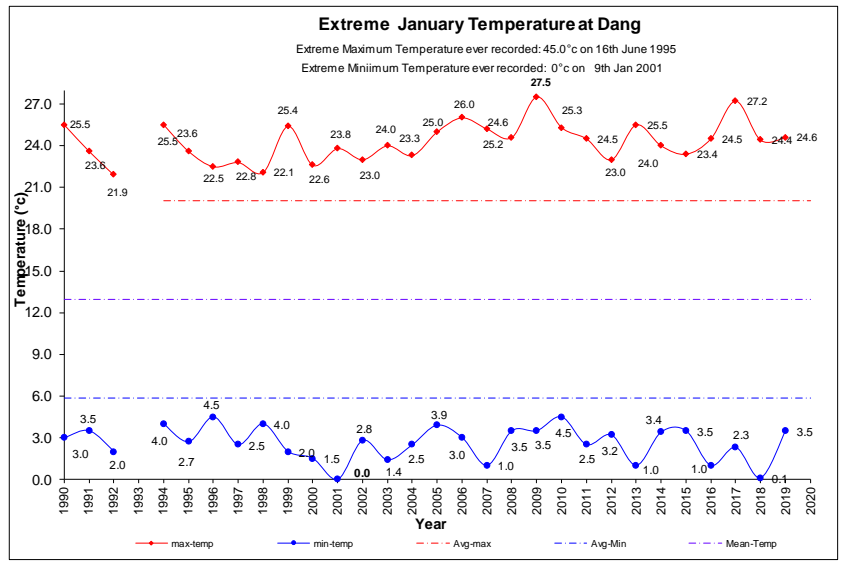
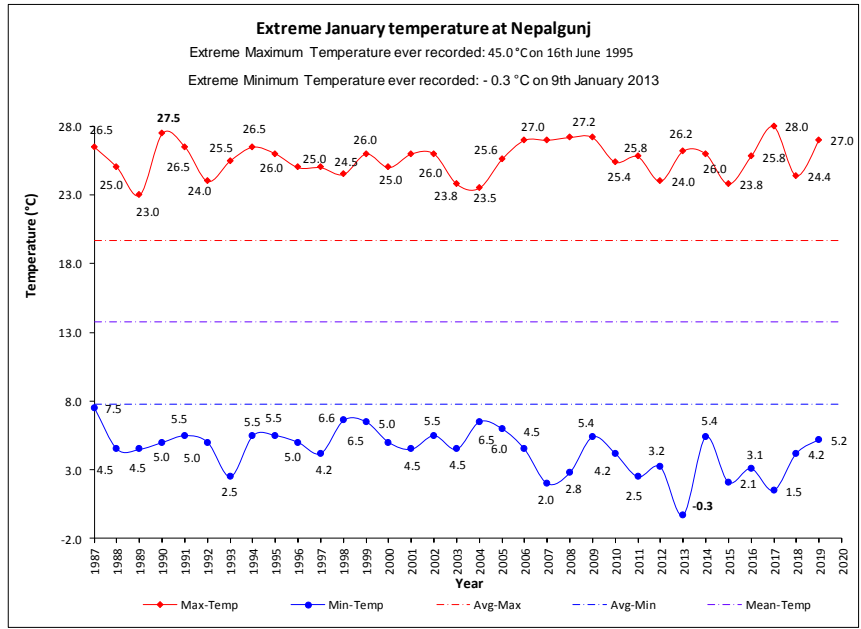
Government of Nepal
Ministry of Energy, Water Resources and Irrigation
Department of Hydrology and Meteorology
Nagpokhari, Kathmandu, Nepal.

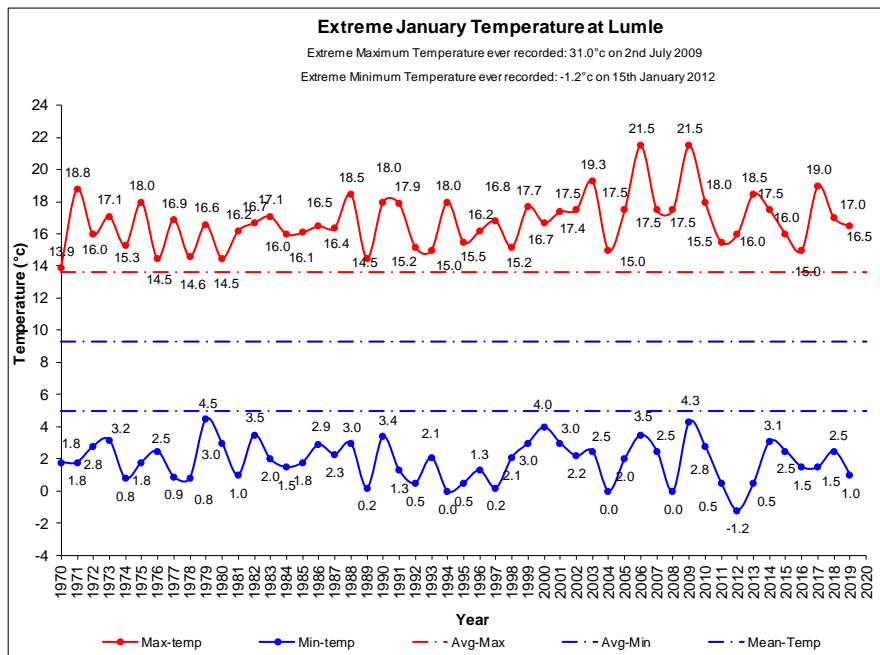
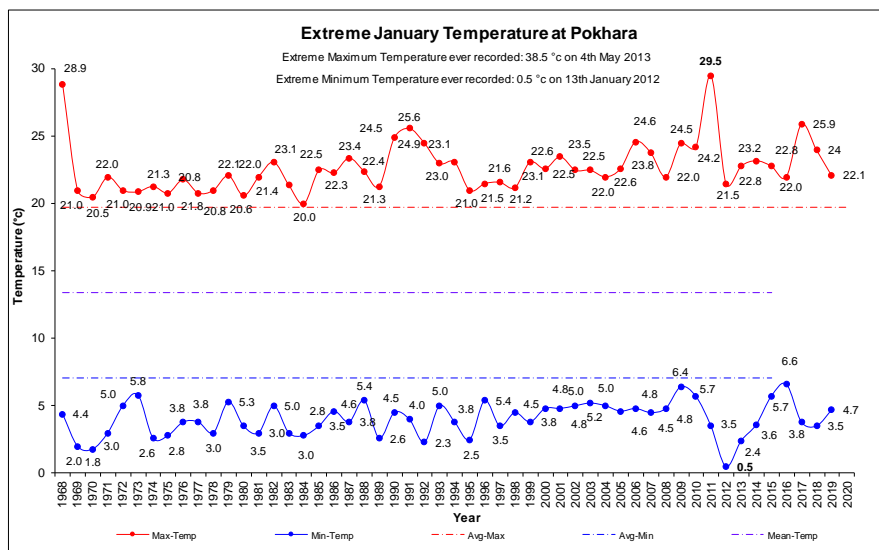
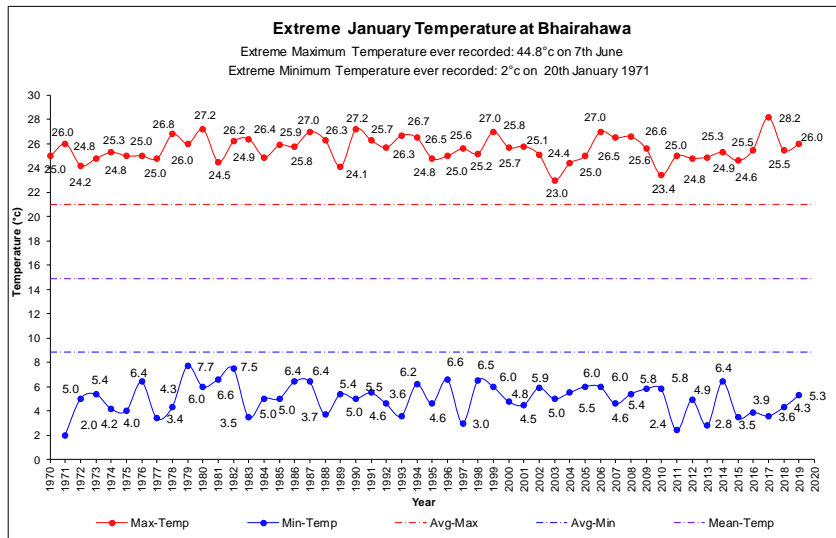
EXTREME TEMPERATURES JANUARY

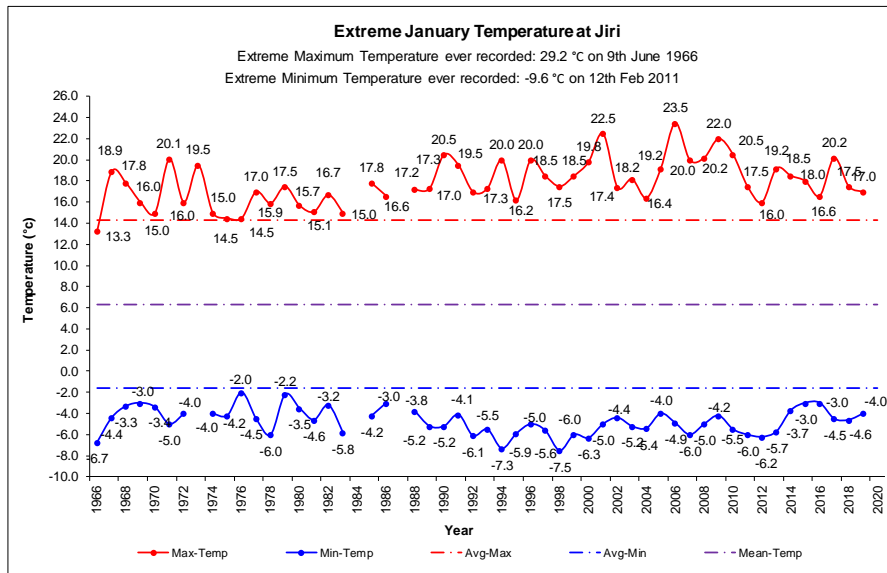
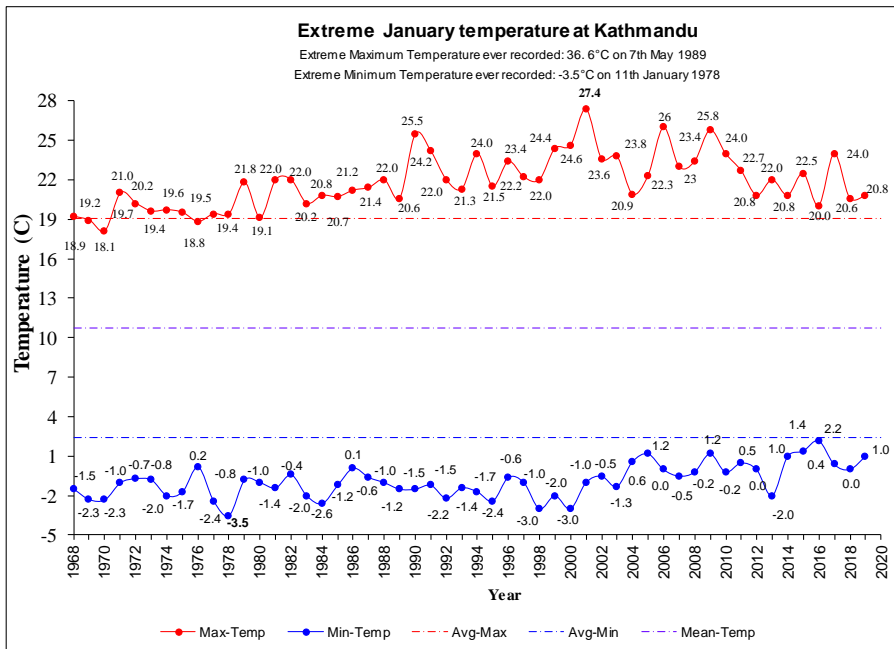
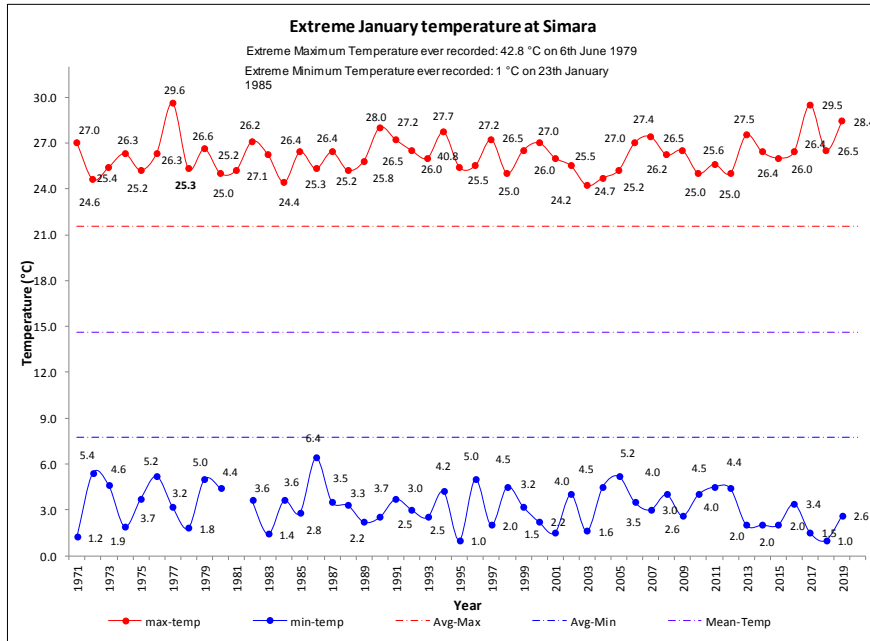
Note: January is the coldest month in the Nepalese calendar. So the minimum extremes are recorded mostly in this month. Among the stations selected in this monitoring the maximum temperature recorded in the January month in the station at Dipyal in the Far-western region of Nepal of 30.3°C on 19th January 1990 and for the minimum temperature recorded in the January month in the station at Jumla in the Mid-western region of Nepal of -13.8°C on 3rd January 1991 and 16th January 2000. Table 1 shows the trend for the stations listed below.

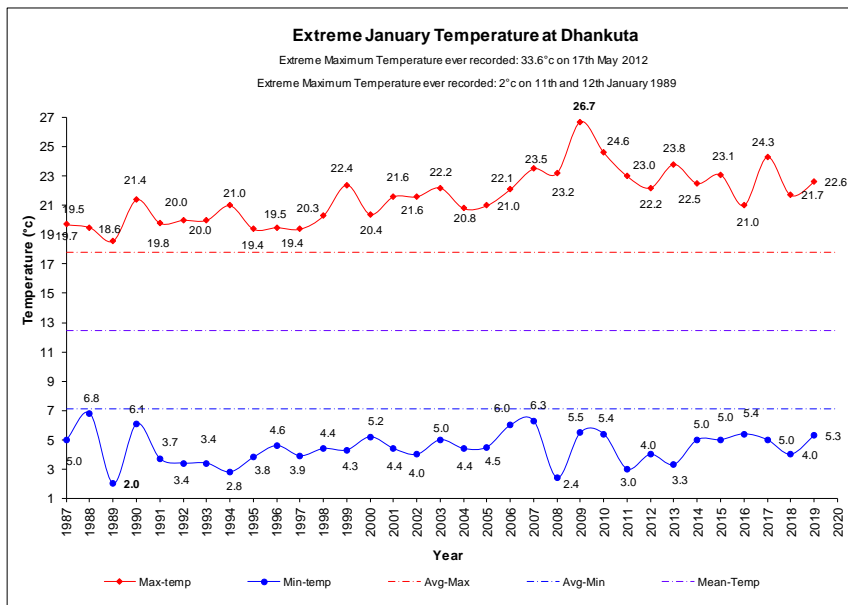
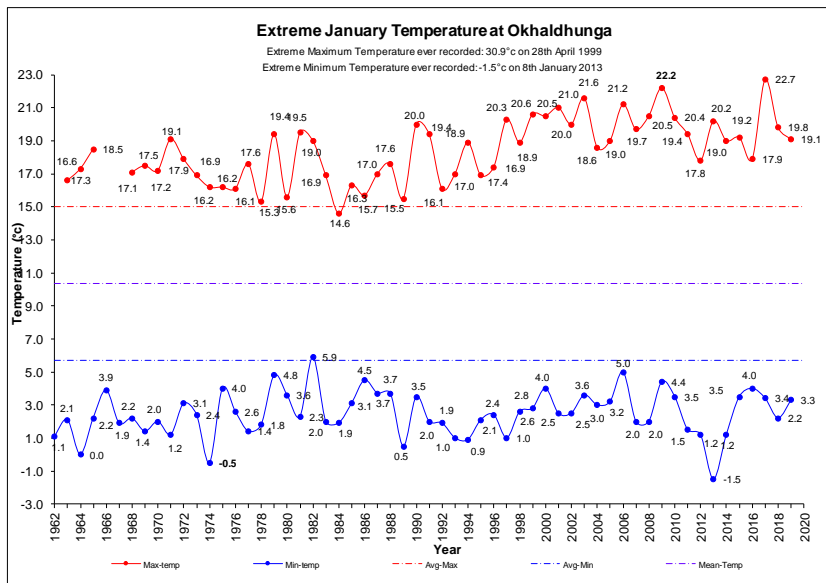
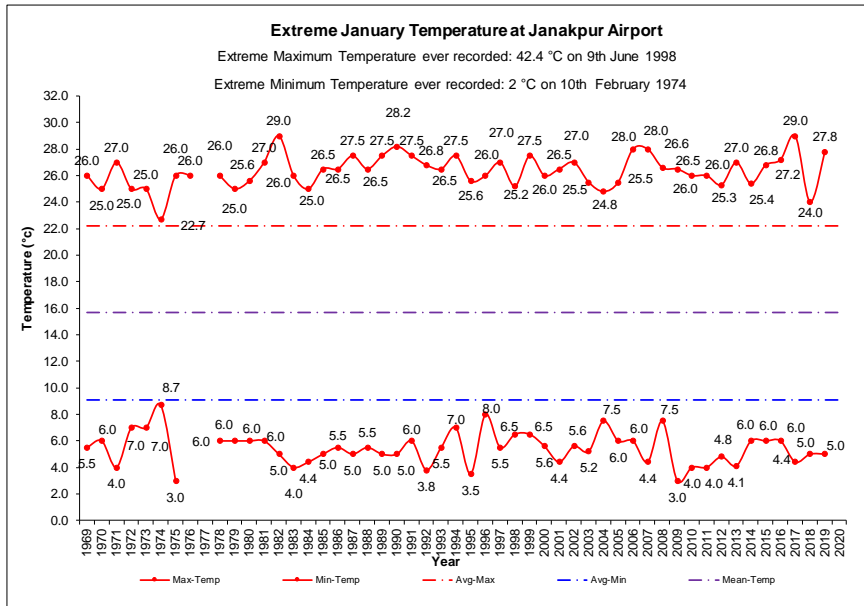


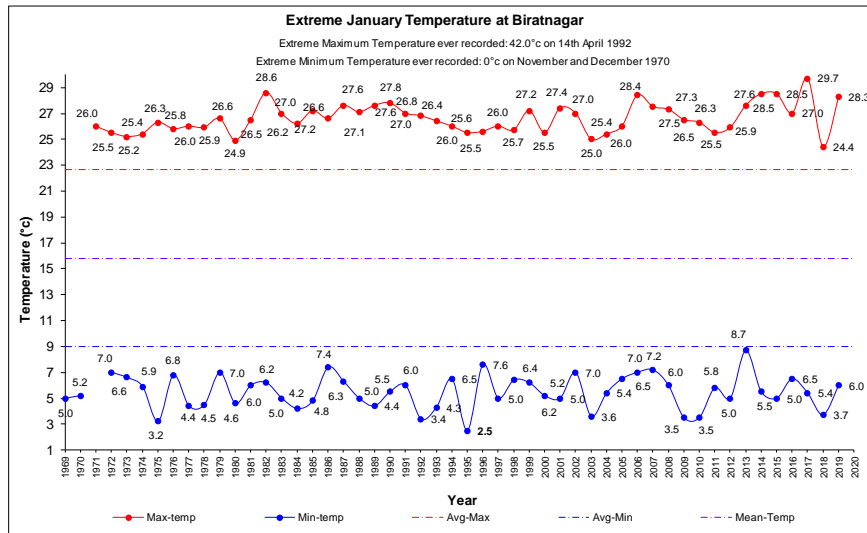
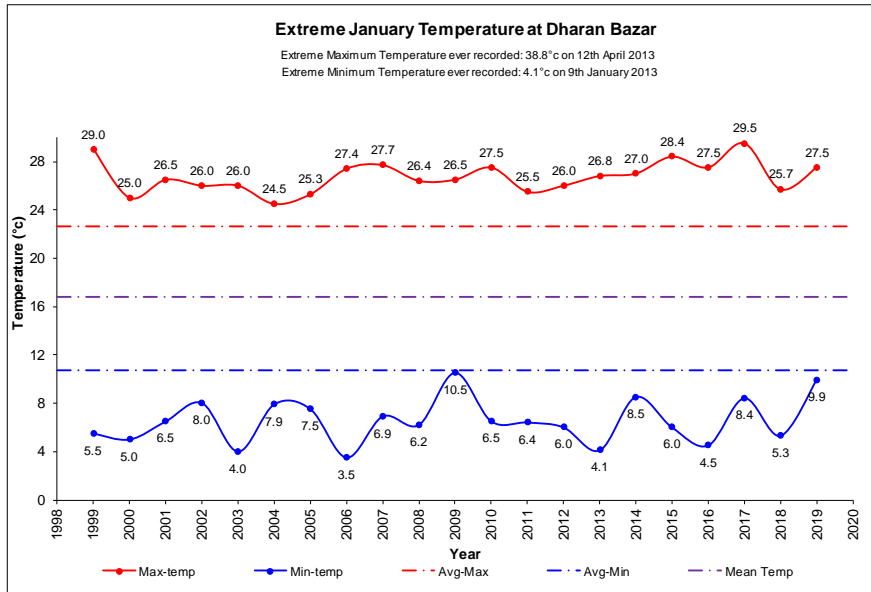












Note: The extreme minimum temperature of 0°C was recorded in Biratnagar on 1970 for five times in the November 29th and 30th and December 3rd, 4th and 13th.

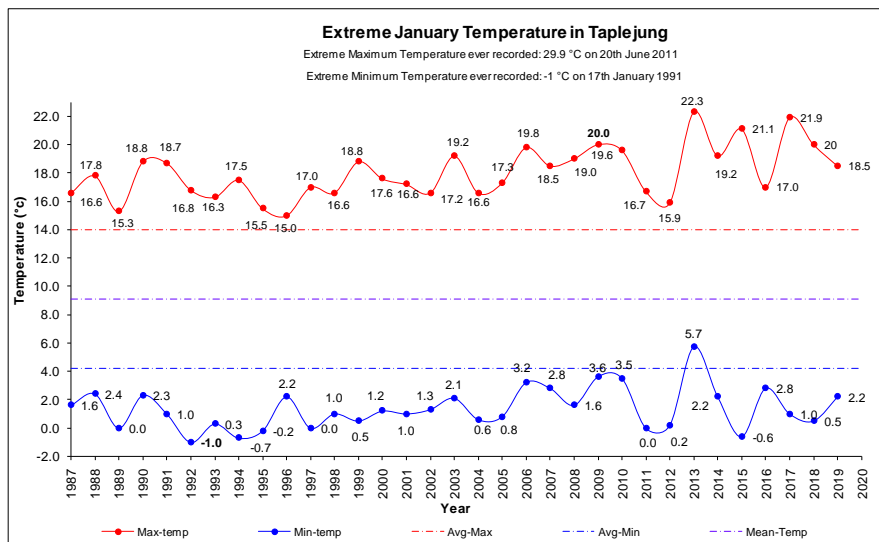


Table 1.

Extreme Maximum/Minimum Temperature trends			
Stations	January	Stations	January
Dadeldhura	Rising/No trend	Kathmandu	Rising/Rising
Dipayal	Falling/Rising	Okhaldhunga	Rising/Rising
Dhangadhi	No trend/No trend	Taplejung	Rising/Rising
Surkhet	Rising/Rising	Dhankuta	Rising/Rising
Nepalgunj	No trend/Falling	Biratnagar	Rising/No trend
Jumla	Rising/Rising	Jomsom	Rising/No trend
Dang	Rising/No trend	Dharan	Rising/Rising
Pokhara	Rising/Rising	Lumle	Rising/Falling
Bhairahawa	Falling/No trend	Janakpur	Rising/Falling
Simara	No trend/Falling	Jiri	Rising/Falling



Fig: Map of Nepal showing the synoptic stations

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